

Using UEFI for Secure Firmware Update of Expansion Cards

Brian Richardson – Sr. Technical Marketing Engineer, Intel Corporation

Jeff Bobzin – Vice President, Insyde Software

Terry Kirch – Senior Principal Engineer, Emulex

STTS003

Agenda

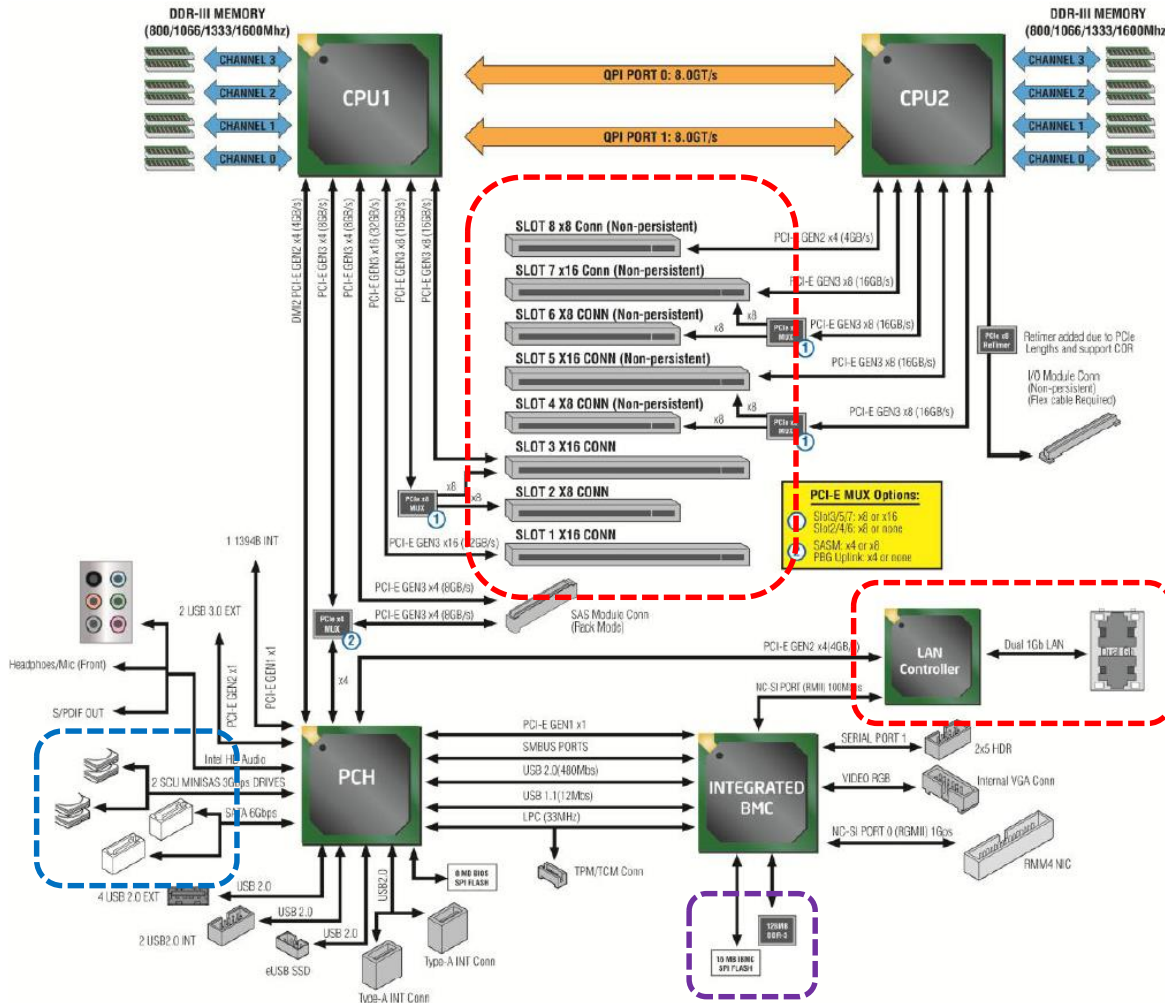
- Protecting the Firmware Update Process
- Security Enhancements in UEFI 2.4
- Securing the Firmware Update Process
- Pre-OS UEFI Secure Firmware Update with FMP

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Attacking "Other" Firmware

Enterprise systems use multiple firmware images...



- Problems:
- Mixed update tools (Legacy & UEFI)
 - Staging updates across enterprise environment
 - Multiple attack surfaces exist before OS loads

- UEFI & Baseboard Management Controller (BMC) Firmware
- UEFI Driver & Option ROM (OpROM)
- Storage Firmware

Areas for Improvement

- Microsoft defines *EFI System Resource Table* (ESRT) for Windows* 8 systems
 - Described in “[Windows UEFI Firmware Update Platform](#)”
 - Currently used for “connected standby” devices

Is a similar method applicable to other OS?

- Many vendors already use Firmware Management Protocol (FMP) for updates...
Can FMP be hardened to meet NIST¹ requirements?

- UEFI provides an infrastructure for security...
How can this be utilized in the update process?

Expansion board security is a key element of platform security



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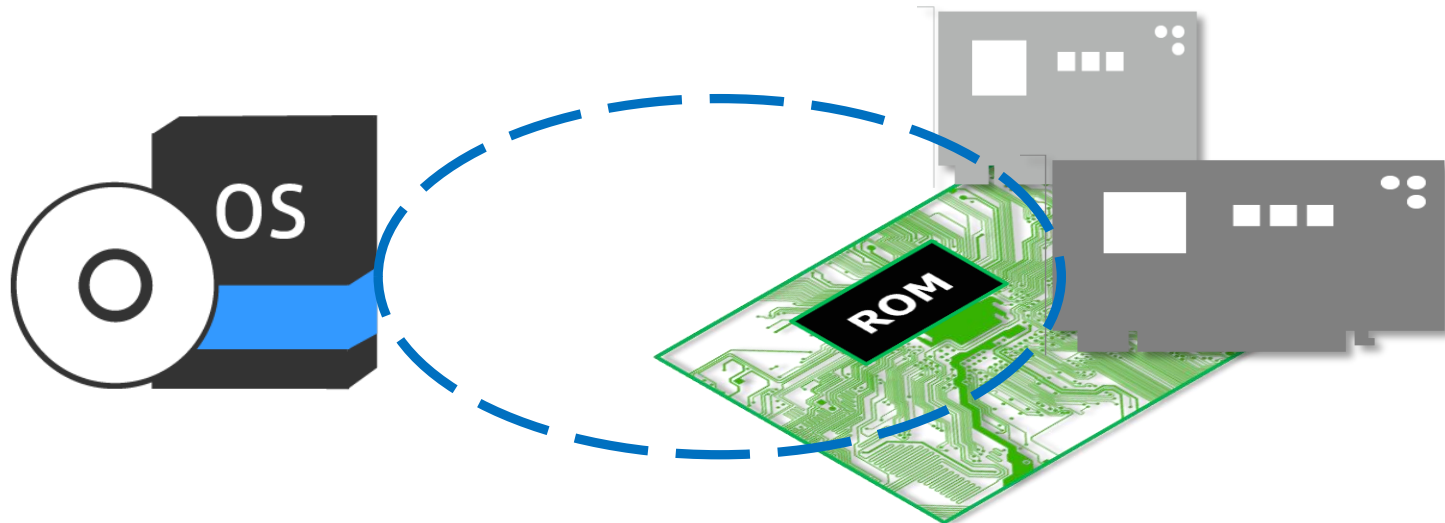
Industry Trend is for Increased Security

- System Manufacturers in Enterprise Segment must add security for
 - NIST Compliance
 - OS Requirements
 - Customer Demand

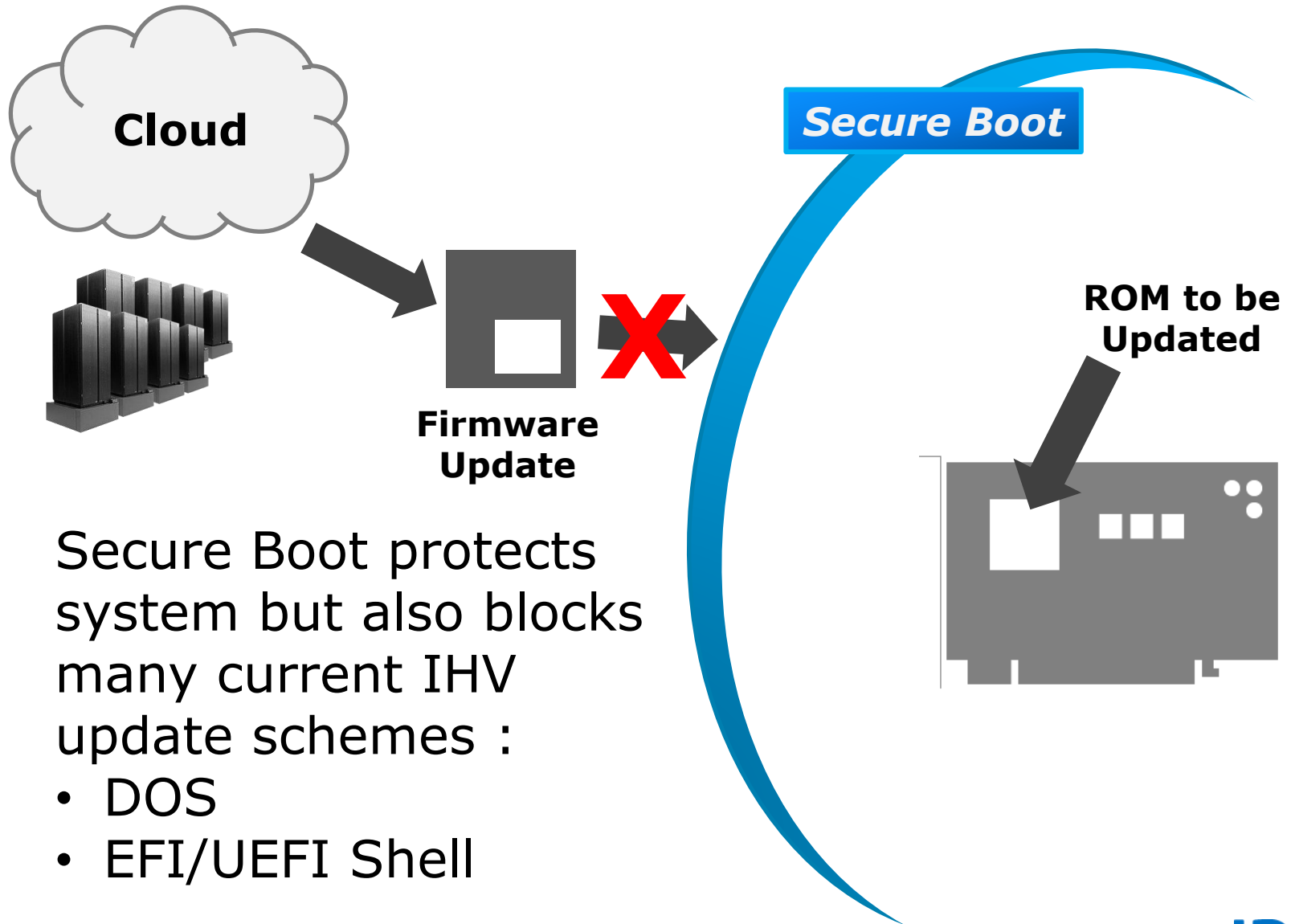


Added Security for Firmware Protection

- All firmware components must be protected from unauthorized alteration
 - System firmware
 - Option ROMs on expansion boards
- Still need to allow authorized firmware updates!



But IHV Firmware Update Methods Are Blocked



Secure Boot protects system but also blocks many current IHV update schemes :

- DOS
- EFI/UEFI Shell

How UEFI Secure Boot Protects

- UEFI Secure Boot is a technology to eliminate a major security hole during handoff from UEFI firmware to UEFI OS
- Option ROMs and OS boot-loaders need to be signed by private key corresponding to a certificate in the systems security database
- Database is always provisioned at factory and maintained by OS if required for revocation



Microsoft* hosts a CA for UEFI use

- UEFI Option ROMs need to be signed by a widely trusted Certificate Authority
- Microsoft* has CA experience and volunteered to host the first all-industry UEFI CA
- Manufacturers are encouraged to put MS CA certificate into “Allowed” database
- In addition to Signing Option ROM Images, MS CA can be used to sign Option ROM Secure Update Drivers

***Microsoft CA Signing
Makes Update Universal***

UEFI Supports IHV Firmware Management

1. UEFI has Firmware Management Protocol (FMP)

- UEFI Specification defines a rich Firmware Management Protocol with functions for
 - Get Current Version and Update ID
 - Validate Update
 - Install an new image
 - Maintain Package Information

2. UEFI has UpdateCapsule Interface

- Interface to deliver Updates to Firmware
- Boot Services and Run Time Support
- But Implementing Run Time Delivery has been challenging

UEFI 2.4 Spec Was Recently Released

New in UEFI 2.4 for Secure Firmware Update:

1. Define capsule format containing FMP updates

Clarifies usage of Capsule for FMP

2. Deliver capsule on boot disk

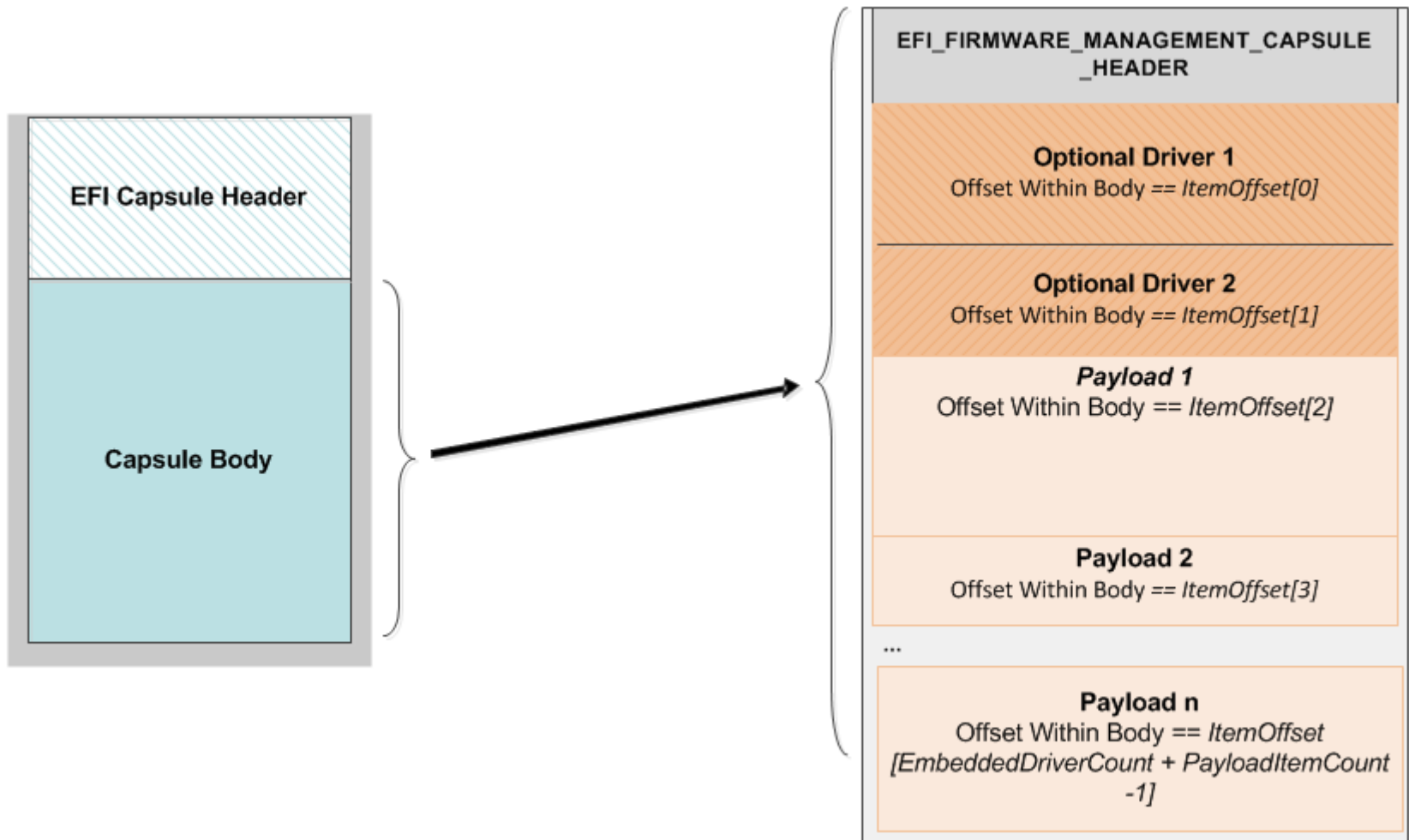
Stage update in OS

Process update in secure firmware state

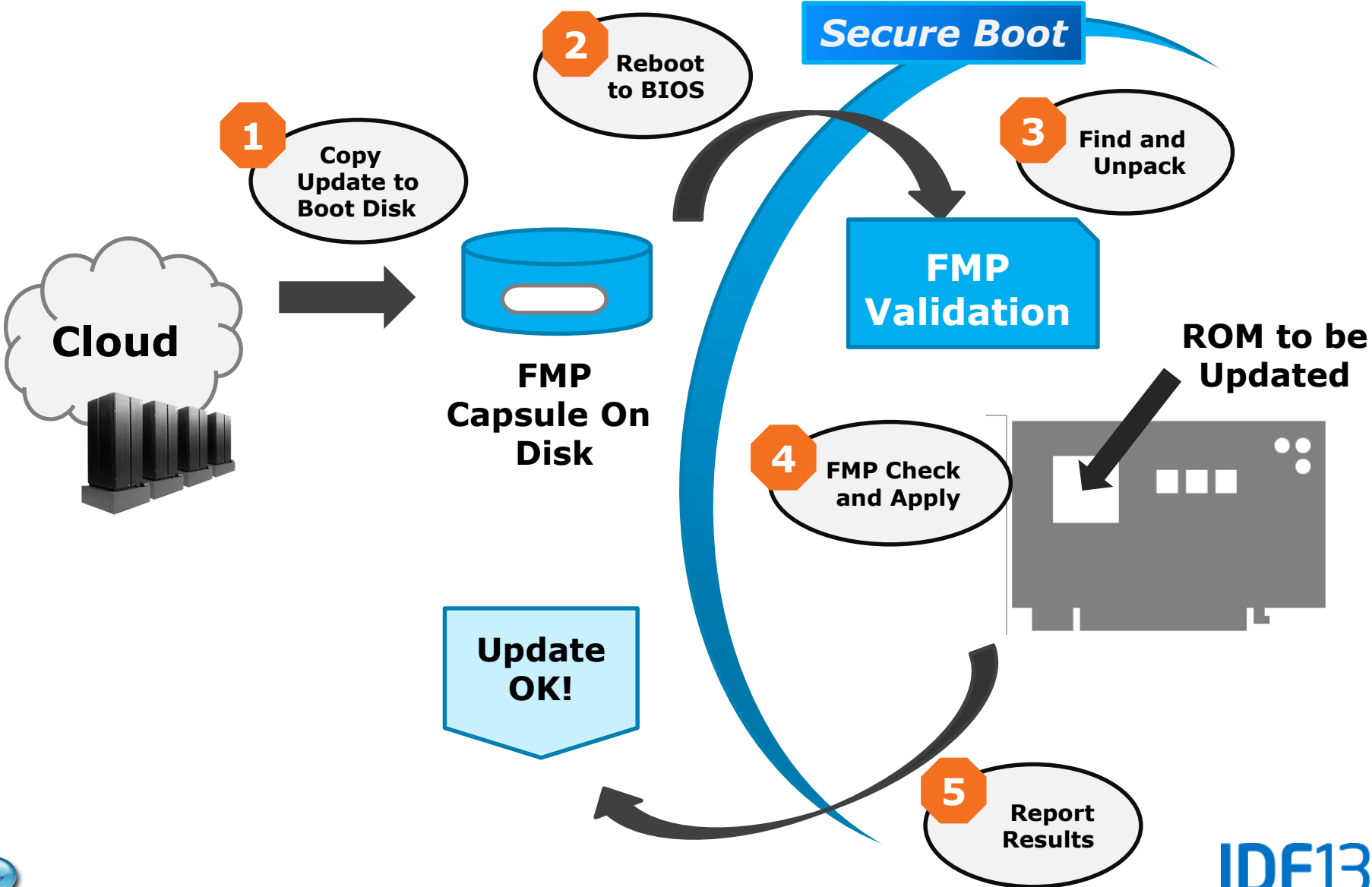
3. Variable with capsule processing status

Report results back to OS context

New FMP Capsule Delivers - Optional Update Drivers and Multiple Payloads



Using UEFI 2.4, Update is Delivered Added Security



UEFI Responsive to Industry Needs

- Requirement for Secure Update for expansion cards
- UEFI WG brings together OS, OEM, IHV, and IBV
- Version 2.4 delivers workable solution



UEFI 2.4 Offers New Tools for Update

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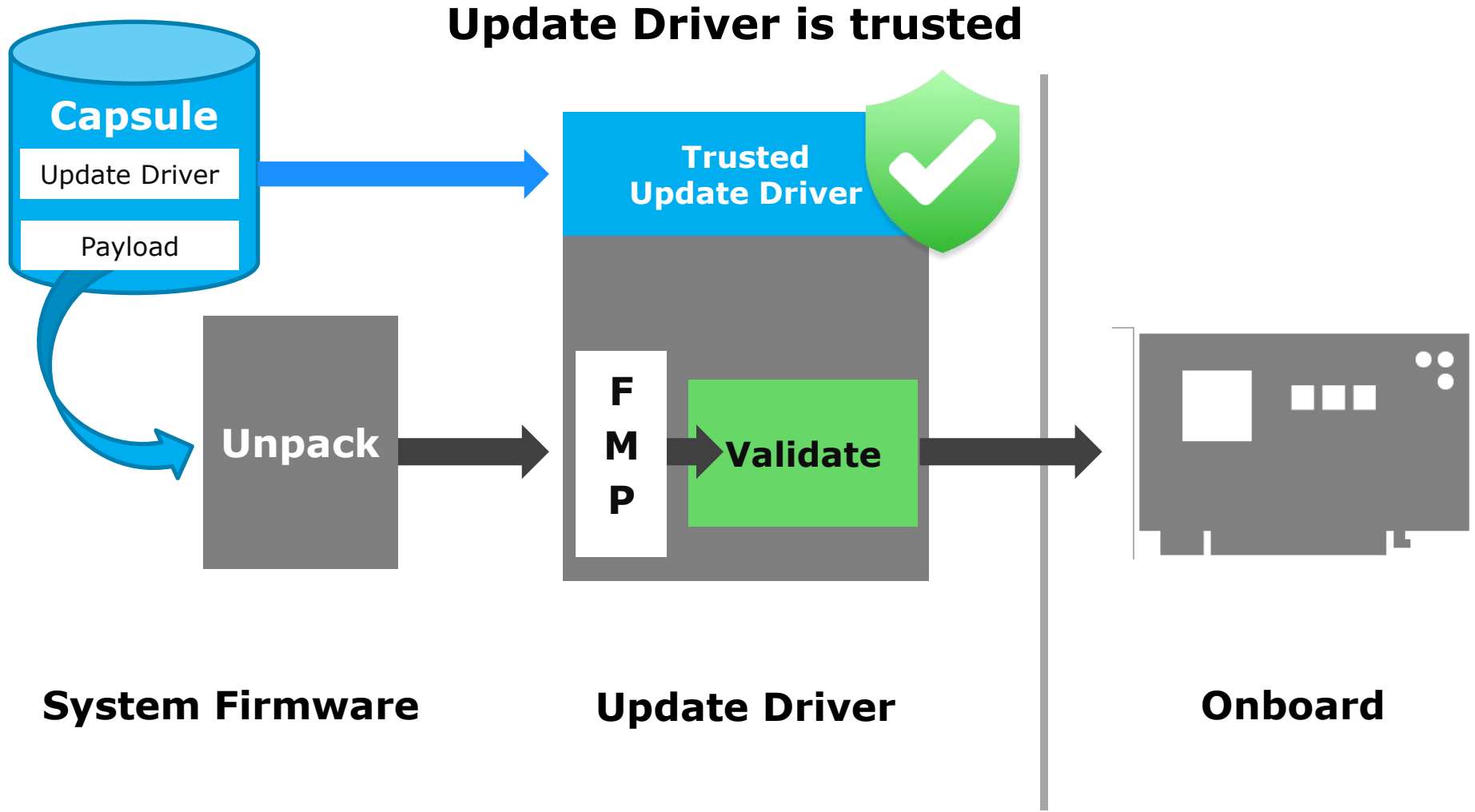
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Requirement to Verify Update Image

- Chain of trust requires –
 1. Firmware checks signature of Option ROM and any Update Driver
 2. Trusted update code checks the signed update image
- Three examples follow to explain validation
 - ① **Protected.** Signed driver downloaded with update.
 - ② **More Protected.** Signed option ROM on card.
 - ③ **Most Protected.** Device firmware.

Downloaded Driver Validation (No FMP Available in the Card)

① Protected!



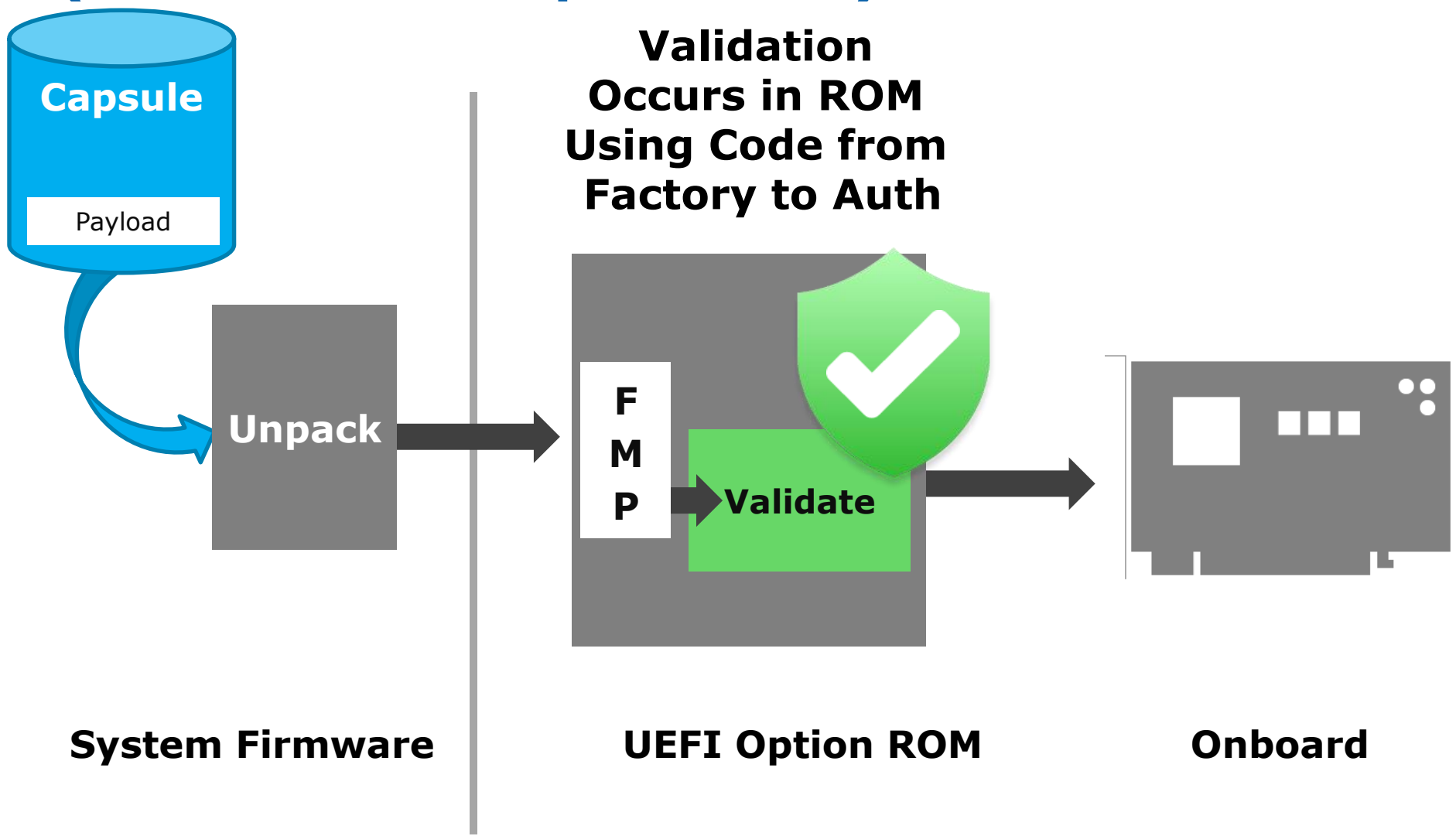
System Firmware

Update Driver

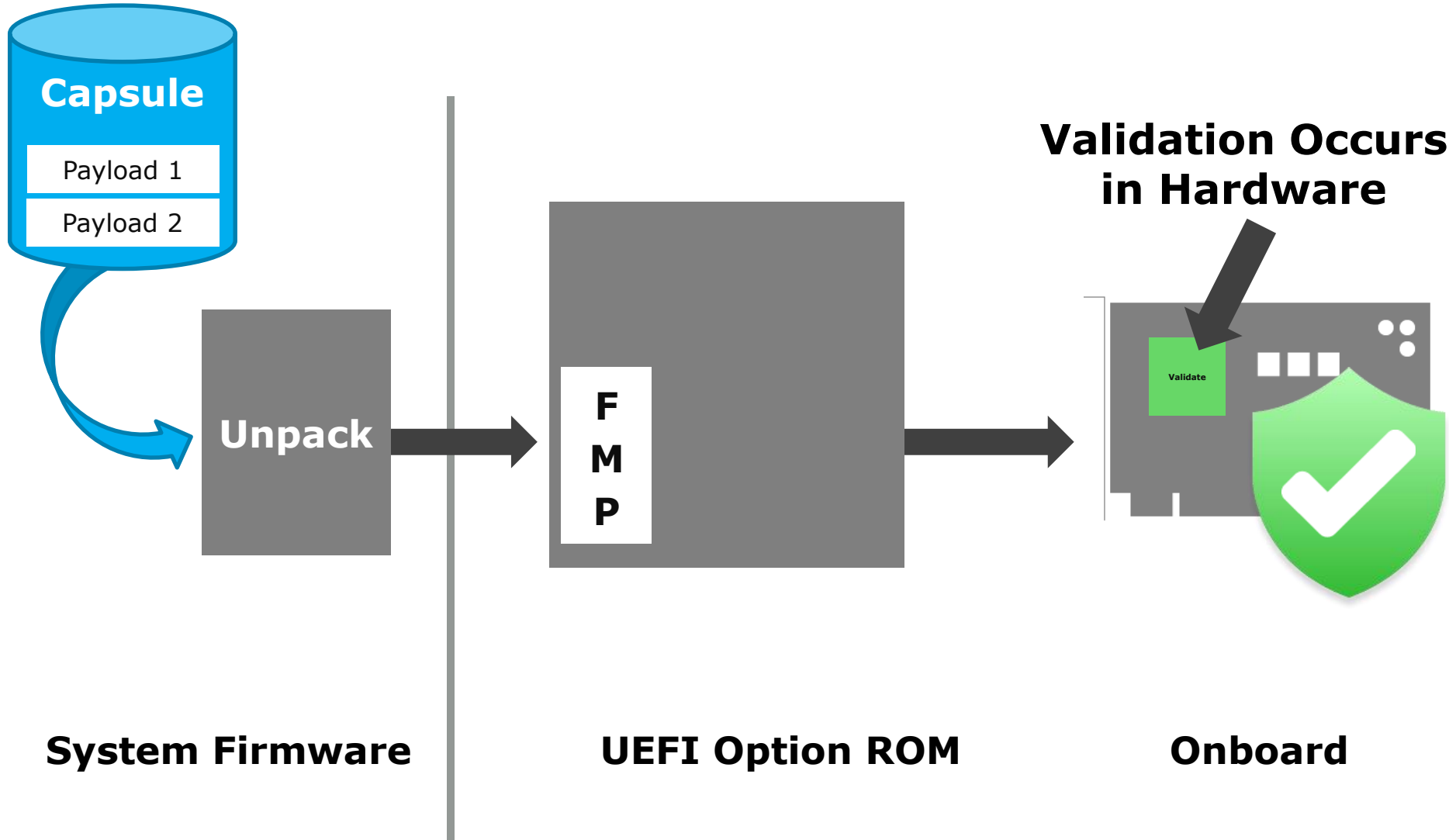
Onboard

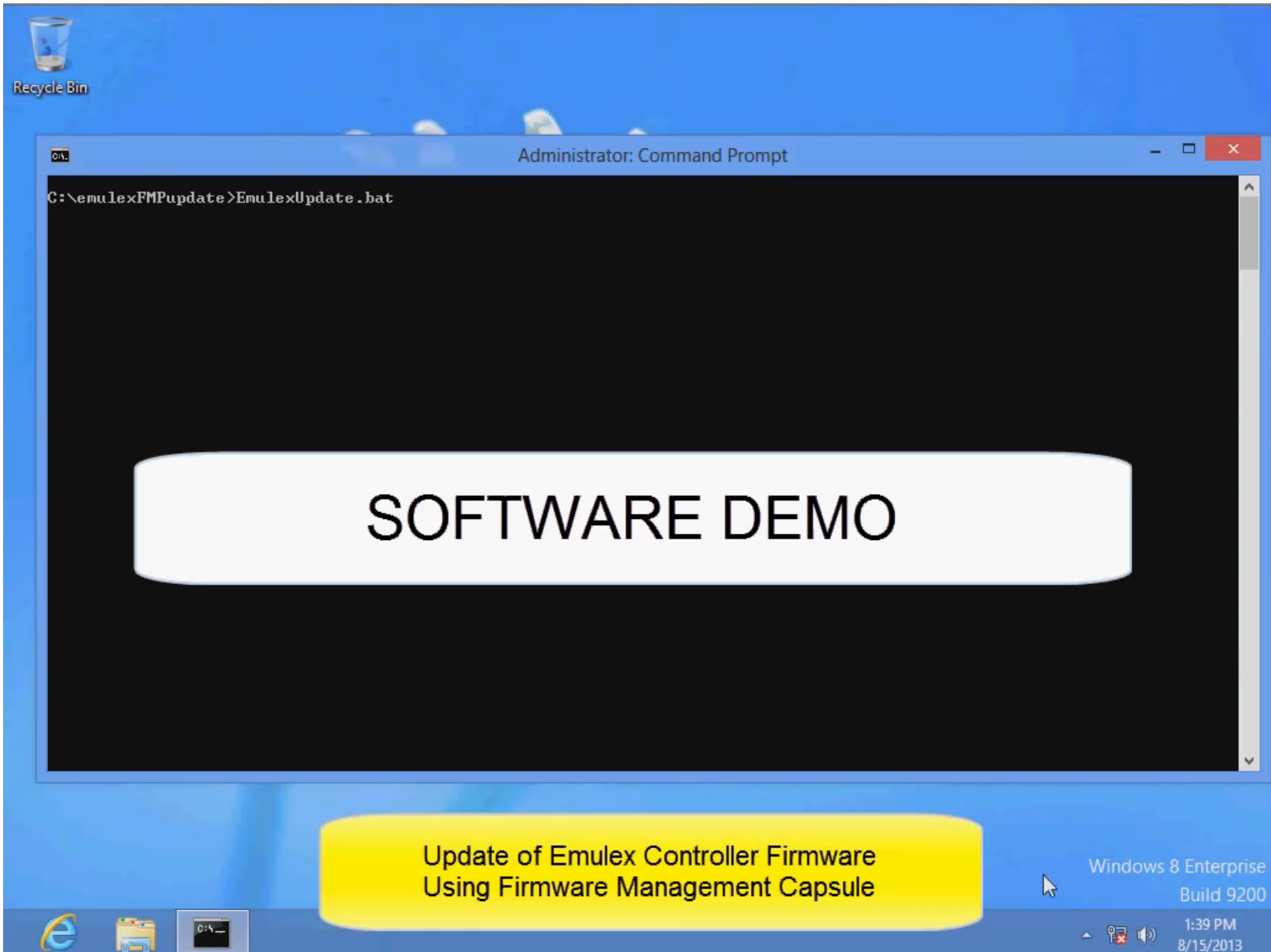
Option ROM Does Validation (Secure FMP in Option ROM)

② MORE Protected!



Device Engine Does Validation





SOFTWARE DEMO

Update of Emulex Controller Firmware
Using Firmware Management Capsule

Windows 8 Enterprise
Build 9200

1:39 PM
8/15/2013

IHV Feedback Needed

- Current design as reflected in UEFI 2.4 specification is powerful and flexible
- UEFI working group is looking for feedback from IHVs. For example, some ideas:
 - Platform firmware could expose generic validation routines to assist IHV code in authentication
 - Clarifications of methods for write-protecting firmware store before leaving root-of-trust environment
 - User Interface through DRIVER_HEALTH_PROTOCOL
- If your company is not a member – Join UEFI!
- IHVs – we need your input!

***UEFI Offers Solutions for
Security Requirements***

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Pre-OS UEFI Secure Firmware Update with FMP

Non-Secure Legacy Firmware Update Methods

- Utility in DOS
- EFI Shell with shell DRVCFG application (direct or through FMP)
- OS Runtime Utility from IHV

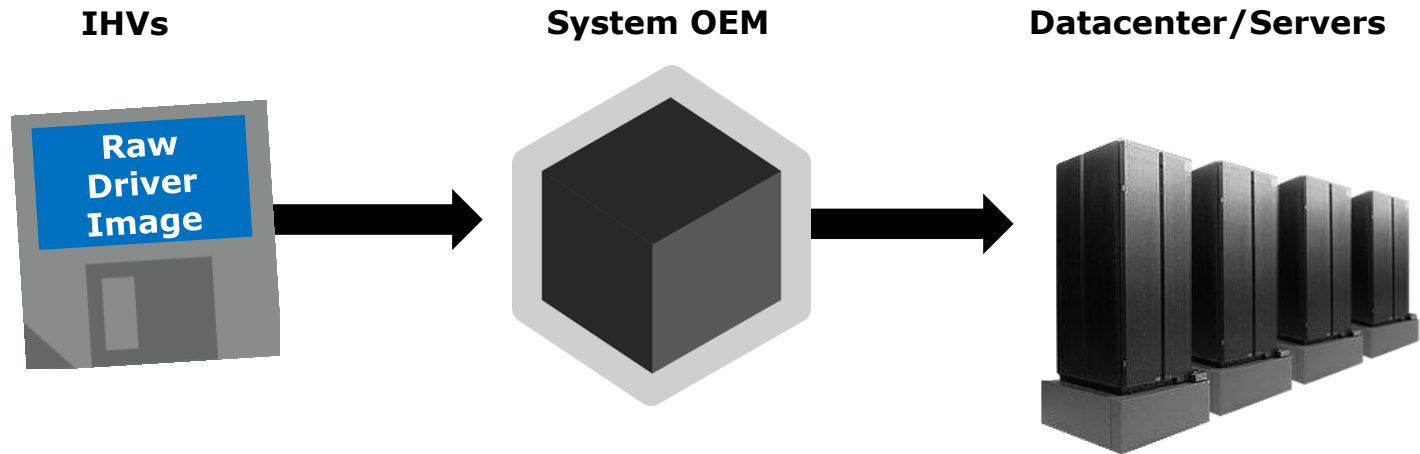
Pros

- Simple delivery method

Cons

- Untrusted OS with weak security methods
- Rogue binary can be substituted
- Difficult to implement hardware write protect

System OEM Handles Update Delivery



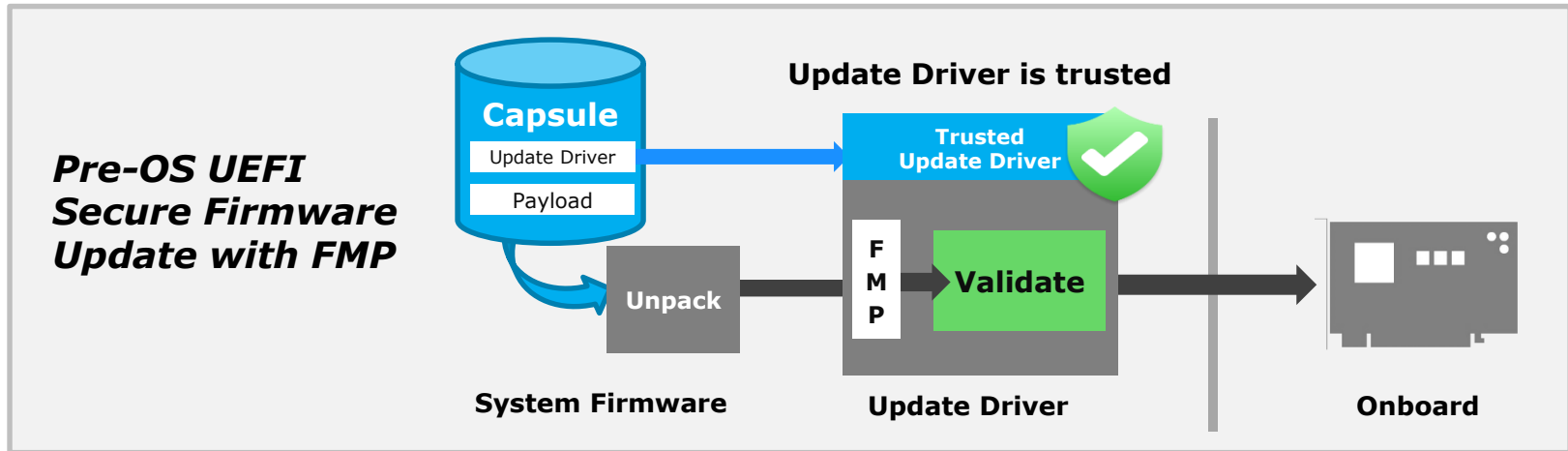
Pros

- Protected, but Chain of Trust is completely under OEM control
- Authentication doesn't burden every adapter driver

Cons

- Business Risk - IHV is vulnerable if OEM process is ever compromised

Delivery and Authentication by Capsule



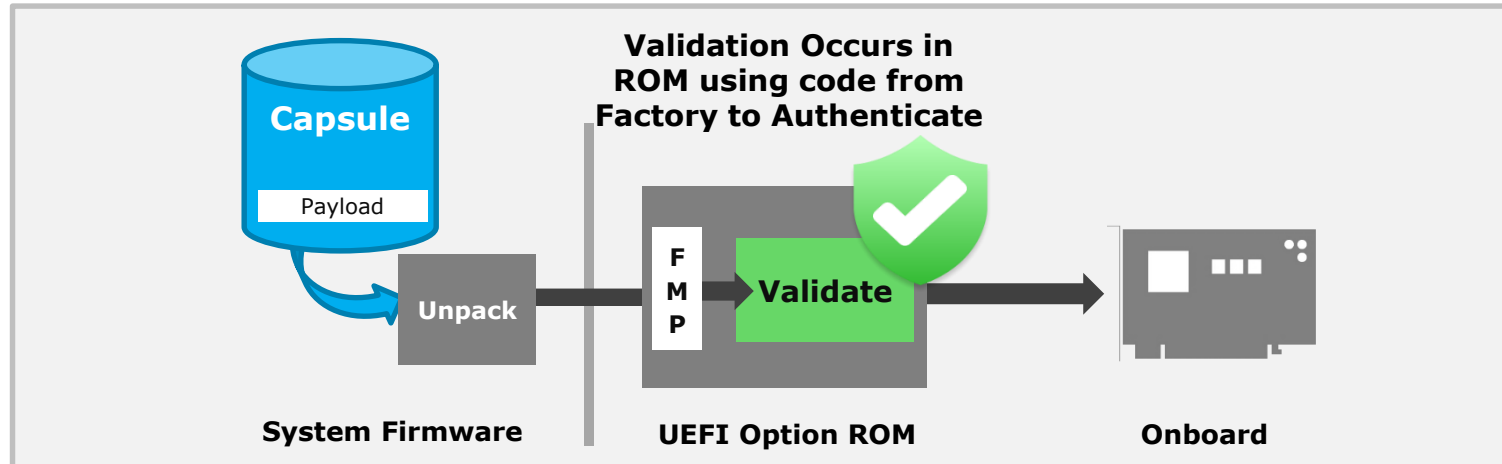
Pros

- Authentication is done by Capsule Driver and doesn't burden every adapter driver's FMP implementation

Cons

- Dependence upon Secure Boot leaves FMP vulnerable if Secure Boot is compromised

Authentication in UEFI Option ROM



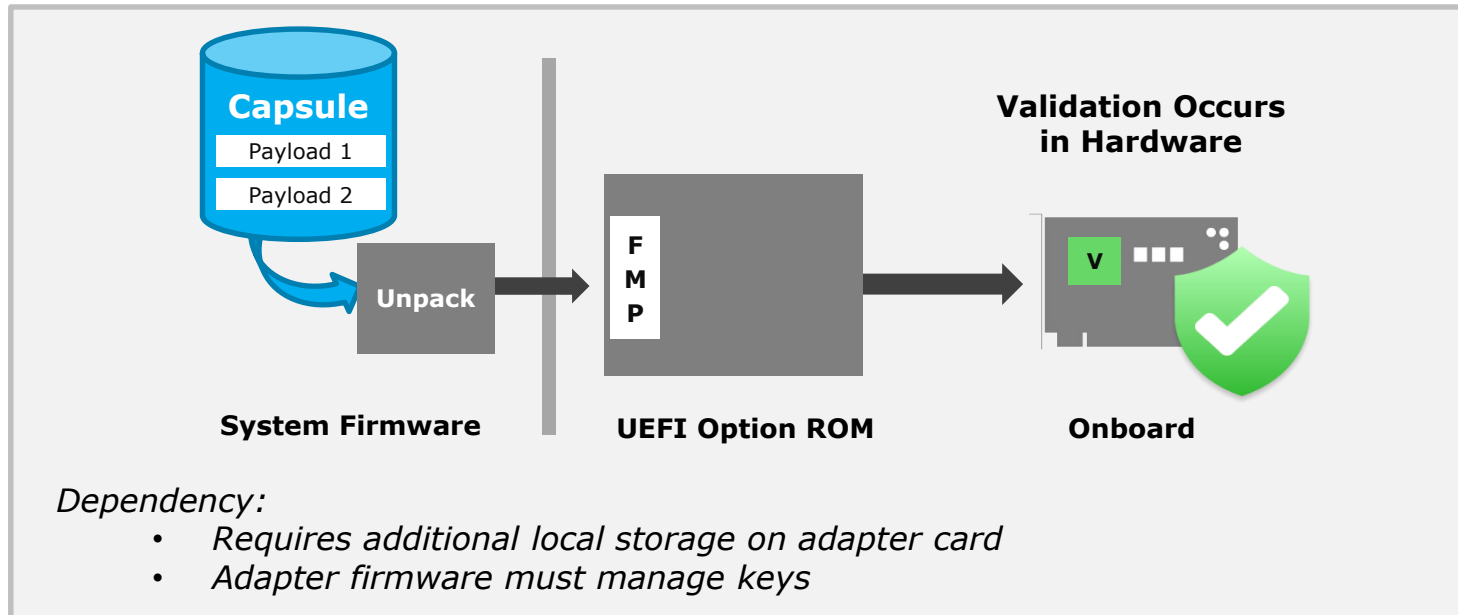
Pros

- Protected – Authentication in factory image
- Eliminates need for IHV Update Driver
- Not dependent on OEM Secure Boot

Cons

- Requires every UEFI adapter driver to include the authentication logic
- Requires UEFI adapter driver to manage keys


Authentication on Adapter



Pros

- Only one point of challenge
- Signed components not required in stack
- Authentication in protected environment

IHV Recommendations

- Safeguard your firmware and hardware from Pre-OS attacks!
- You have multiple options Good Better Best 
- Contribute to overall system security
- New market opportunities for security solutions

***IHVs need to evolve to meet
update security requirements***

Summary

- Expansion board firmware security is a key element of platform security
- UEFI 2.4 offers new tools for update
- UEFI offers solutions for IHV security requirements
- IHVs need to evolve to meet update security requirements

Call to Action

- Evaluate the security of current update strategies
- For new designs, plan to include board resources that support strongest security
- Engage with your partners and the industry through participation in UEFI

Additional Sources of Information

PDF of this presentation is available is available from our Technical Session Catalog:

www.intel.com/idfsessionsSF

The URL is on top of Session Agenda Pages in Pocket Guide.

Visit the [Unified EFI Forum](#) for the latest UEFI Specification and the “UEFI Secure Boot in Modern Computer Security Solutions” whitepaper.

NIST Special Publications are available from <http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsSPs.html>

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Intel UEFI Community Resource Center

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Welcome to Intel UEFI Community Resource Center

Your gateway for developing UEFI firmware, drivers, and applications for use on Intel® architecture platforms.

[Learn more about UEFI >](#)

<http://uefidk.com>

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- Communicate.** Forum for discussions with Intel engineers and other developers »
- Share.** Upload and download files for sharing with the community »
- Develop.** Intel UEFI technology, software and tools, specs, and docs »
- Find solutions.** Get conforming devices, BIOS, and drivers from participating vendors »

Central resource for UEFI on Intel® Architecture

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Other Sessions at IDF

Wednesday, Sept 11, Moscone Room 2008

ID	Title	Time
✓ STTS001	Creating UEFI Solutions Optimized for Mobile Devices	11:00
✓ STTS002	UEFI Secure Boot in Linux*	13:00
✓ STTS003	Using UEFI for Secure Firmware Update of Expansion Cards	14:15
STTS004	Predicting Performance of Hadoop* and Data Center Clusters with Intel® CoFluent™ Studio	15:45
STTS005	Accelerating Software Development on Next Generation Intel® Architecture Microservers and Tablets with Wind River Simics*	17:00

See also

Technical Showcase Booths 409, 410, 411

✓ = DONE

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Software Developers: *Network & Have Fun!*

Don't miss out on some great IDF networking and social activities hosted by Intel Software & Services Group (SSG):

- ✓ Day 1, Tuesday, Sept 10th, 7pm-10:30pm
 - **Software Developer Networking Party**
 - **Pick up your Software VIP lanyard at the Software and Services Pavilion Info Counter to get party access!**
- ✓ Day 2, Wednesday, Sept 11
 - **SSG Inspiration Through Innovation Hour**
 - Location: Showcase Networking Plaza, 11am-12pm & 5pm-6pm
 - SSG/guests discuss how innovation has inspired their products
 - **Doug Fisher (Intel VP, GM SSG) Meet & Greet**
 - Software & Services Pavilion, 5-7pm



- Watch out for SSG Mobile Lunch Food and Dessert carts outside Moscone throughout the conference
- Visit SSG Pavilion Showcase for great demos and games!

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All sessions evaluations must be submitted by Friday, September 13 at 5pm**

Q&A

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